

FIG. 1

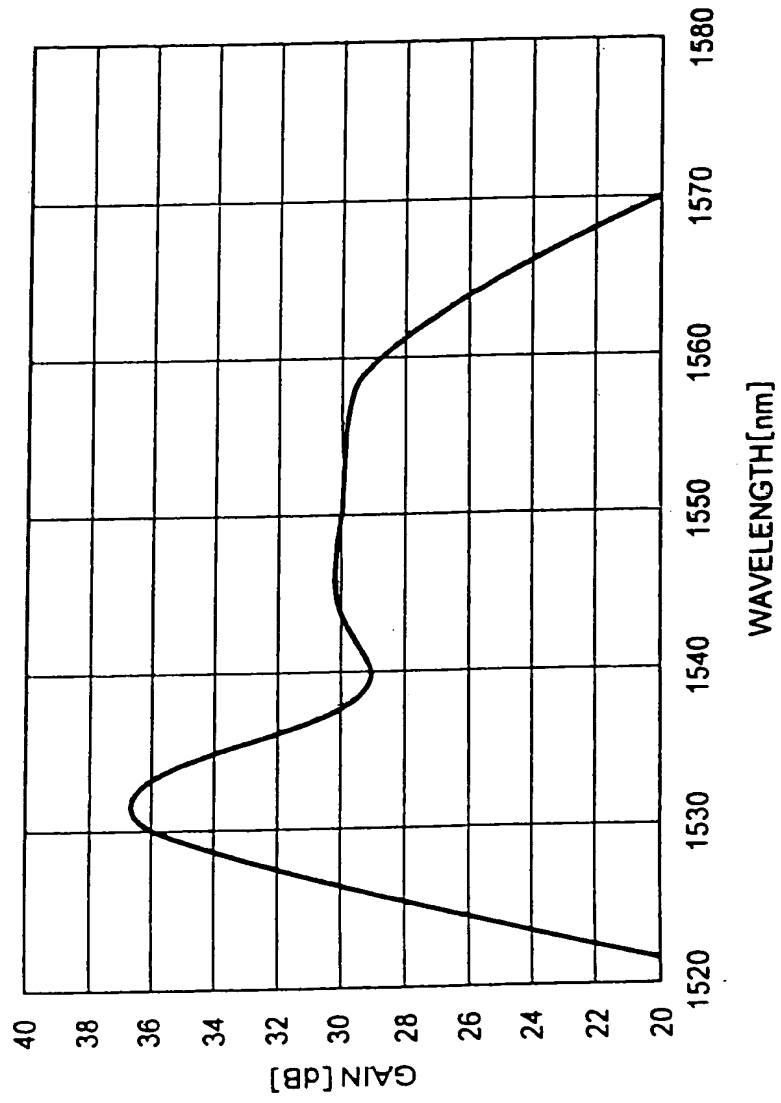


FIG. 2

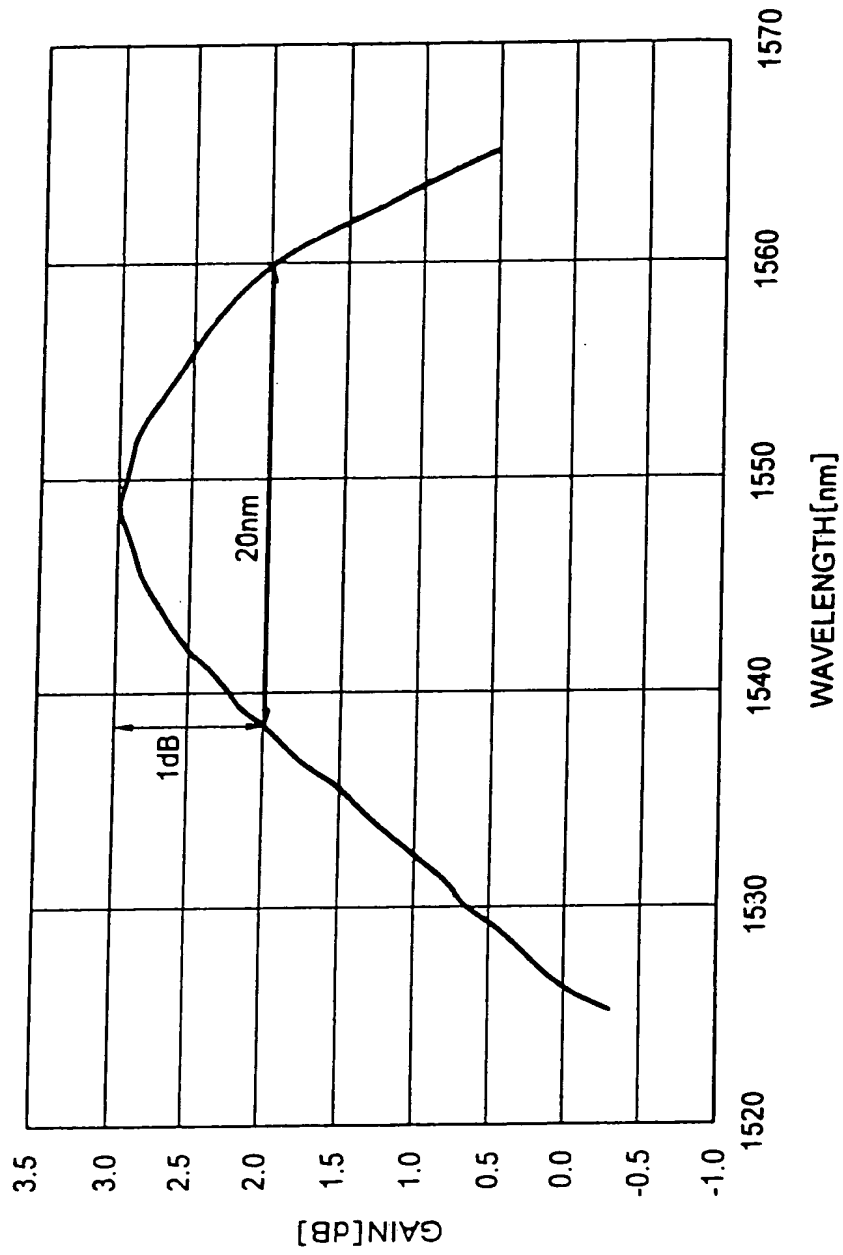


FIG. 3

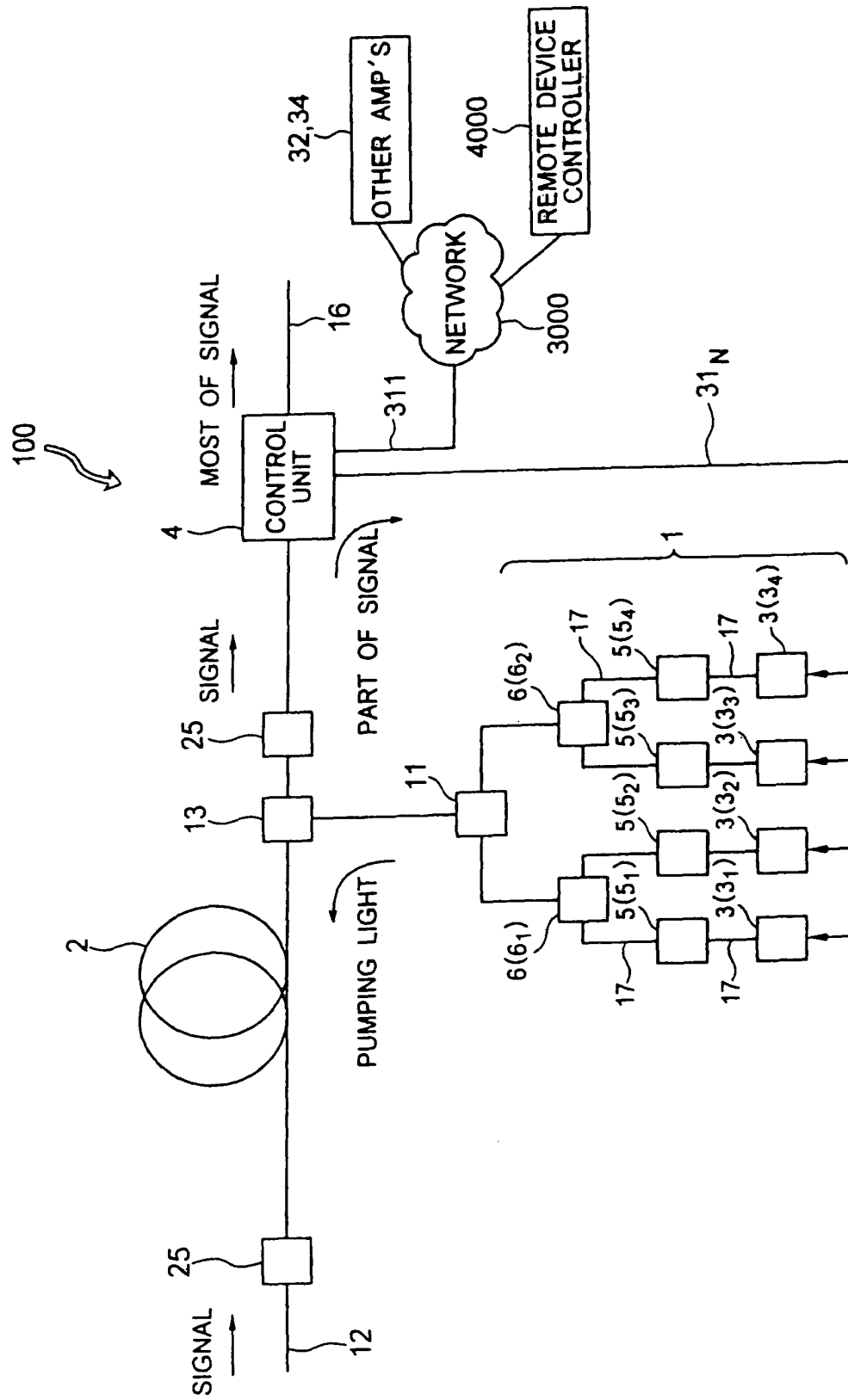


FIG. 4

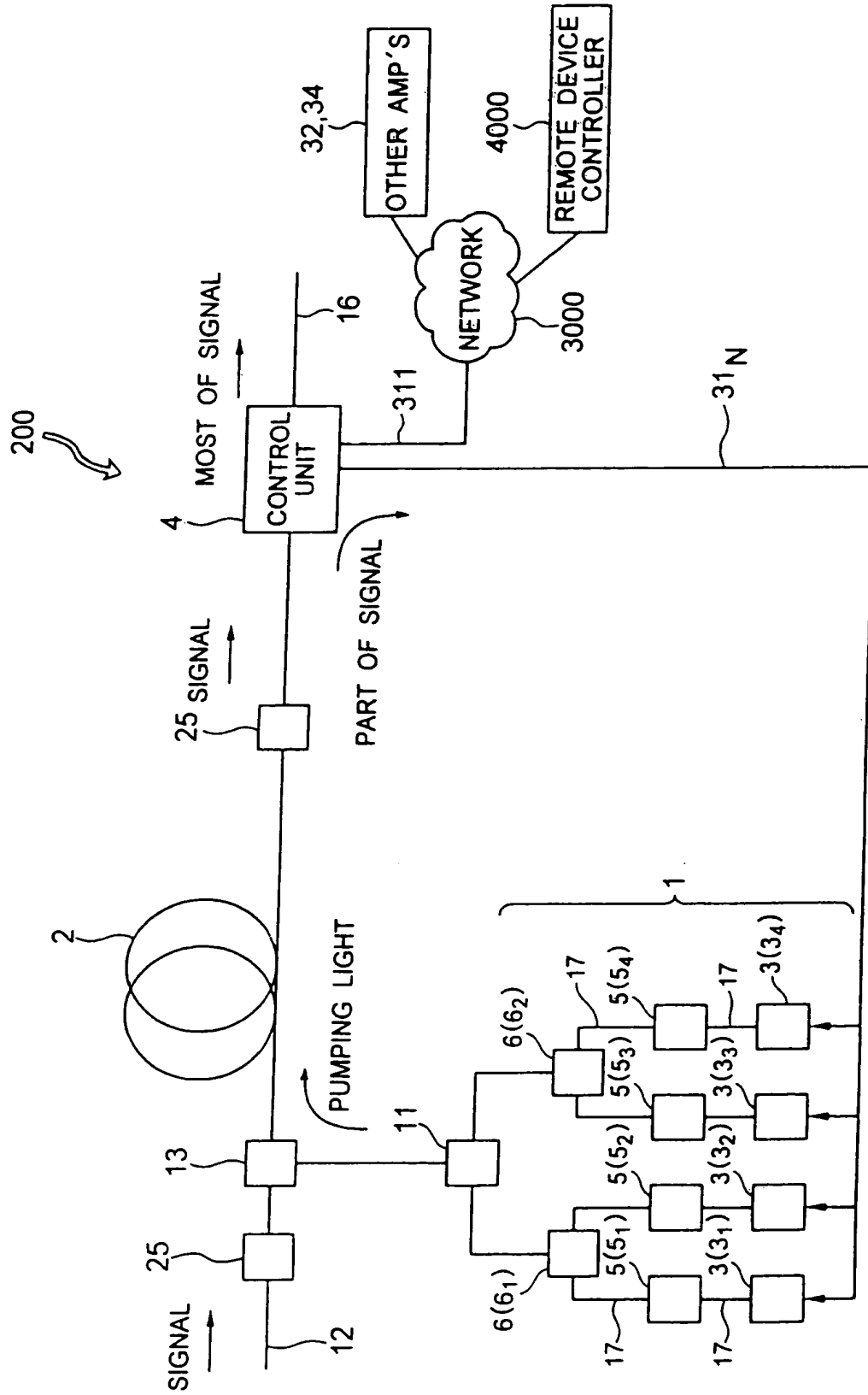


FIG. 5

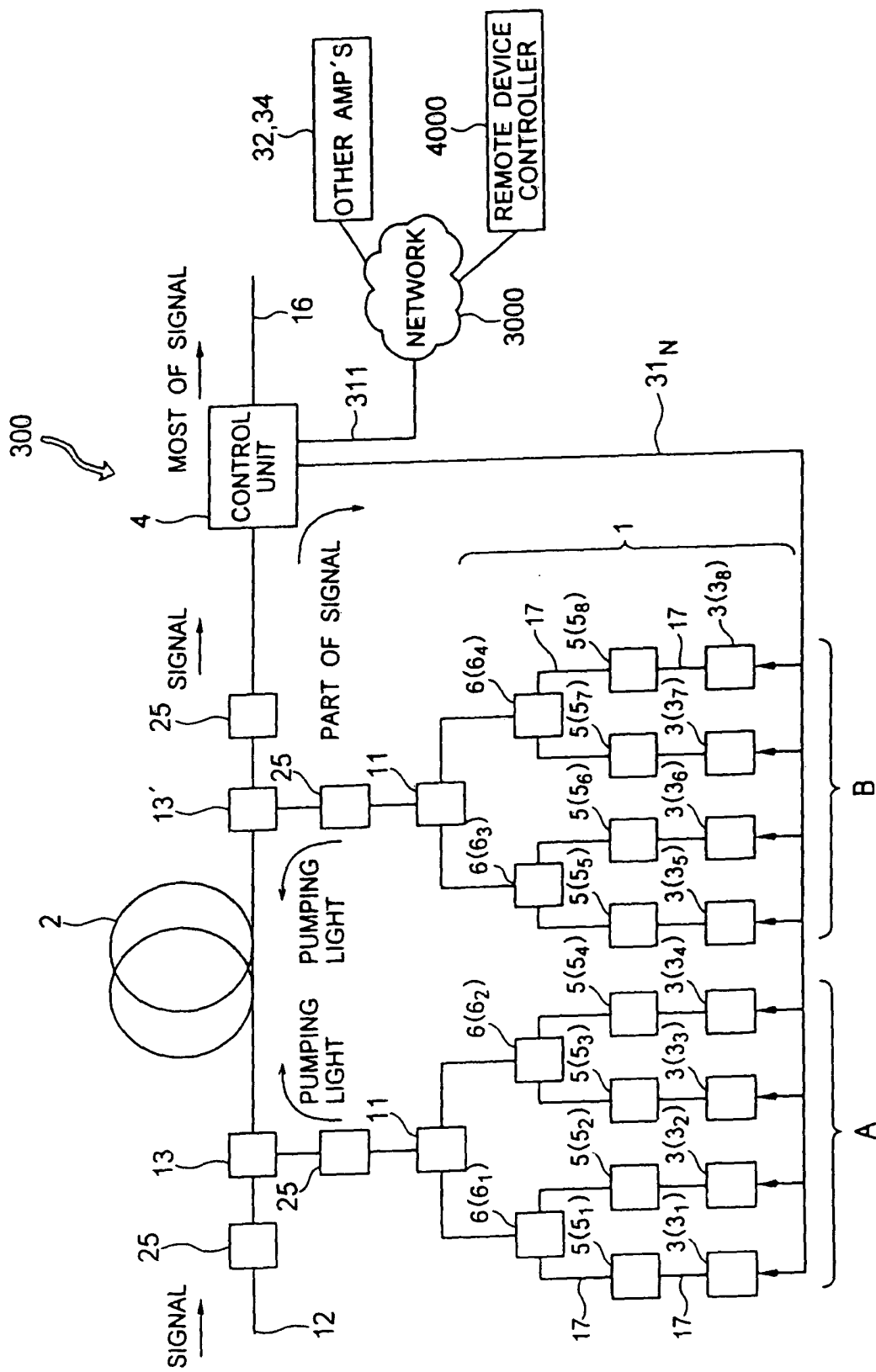


FIG.6

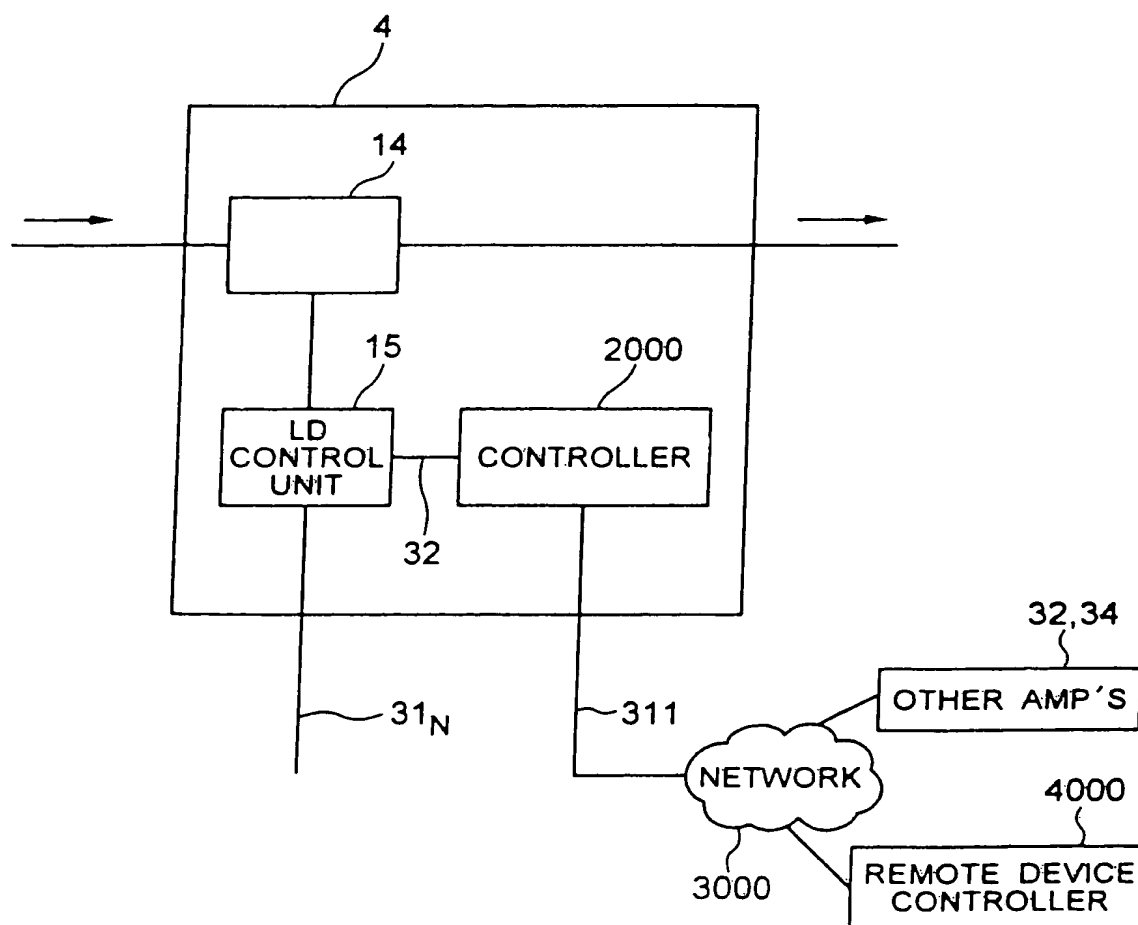


FIG.7

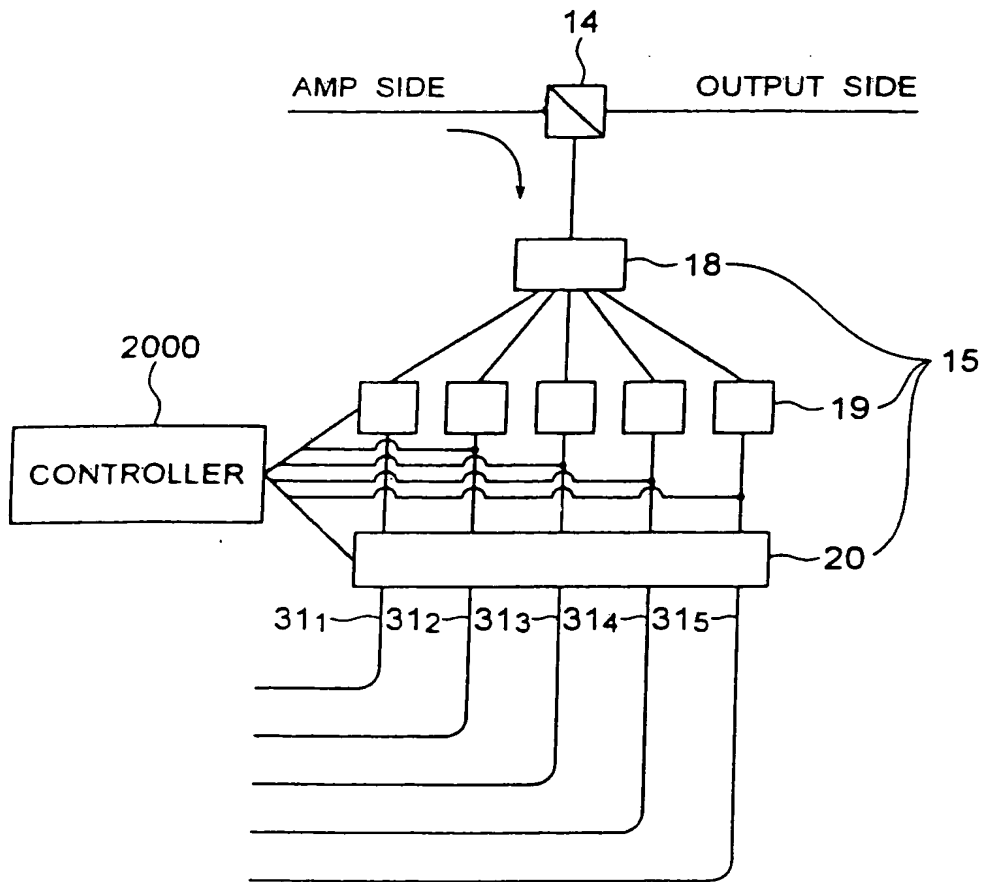


FIG.8

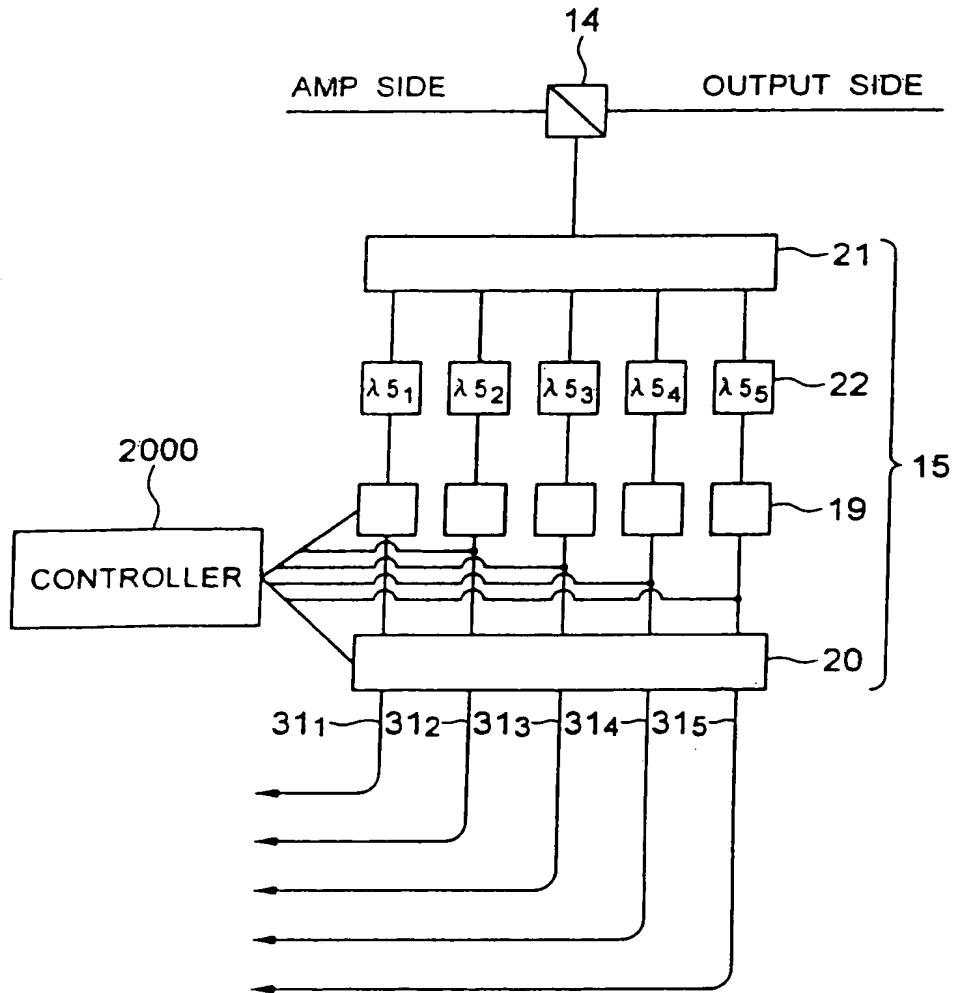




FIG.9

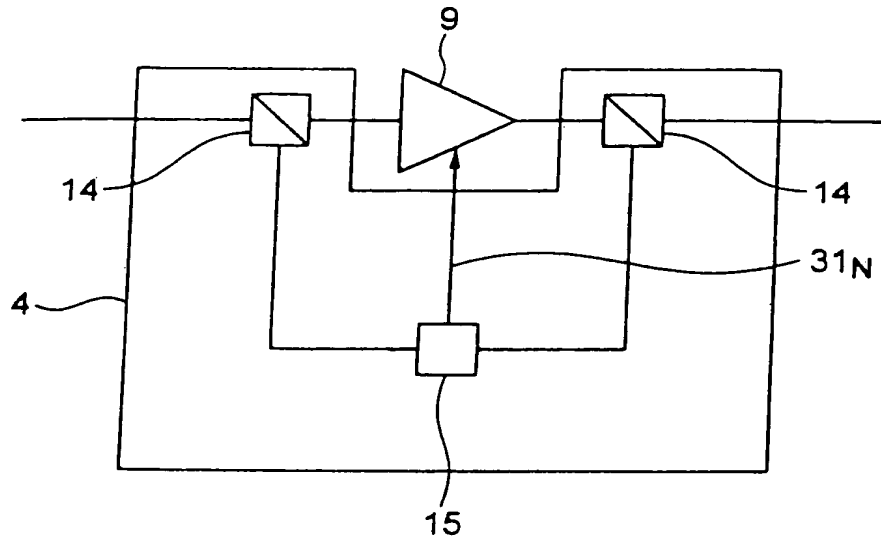


FIG. 10

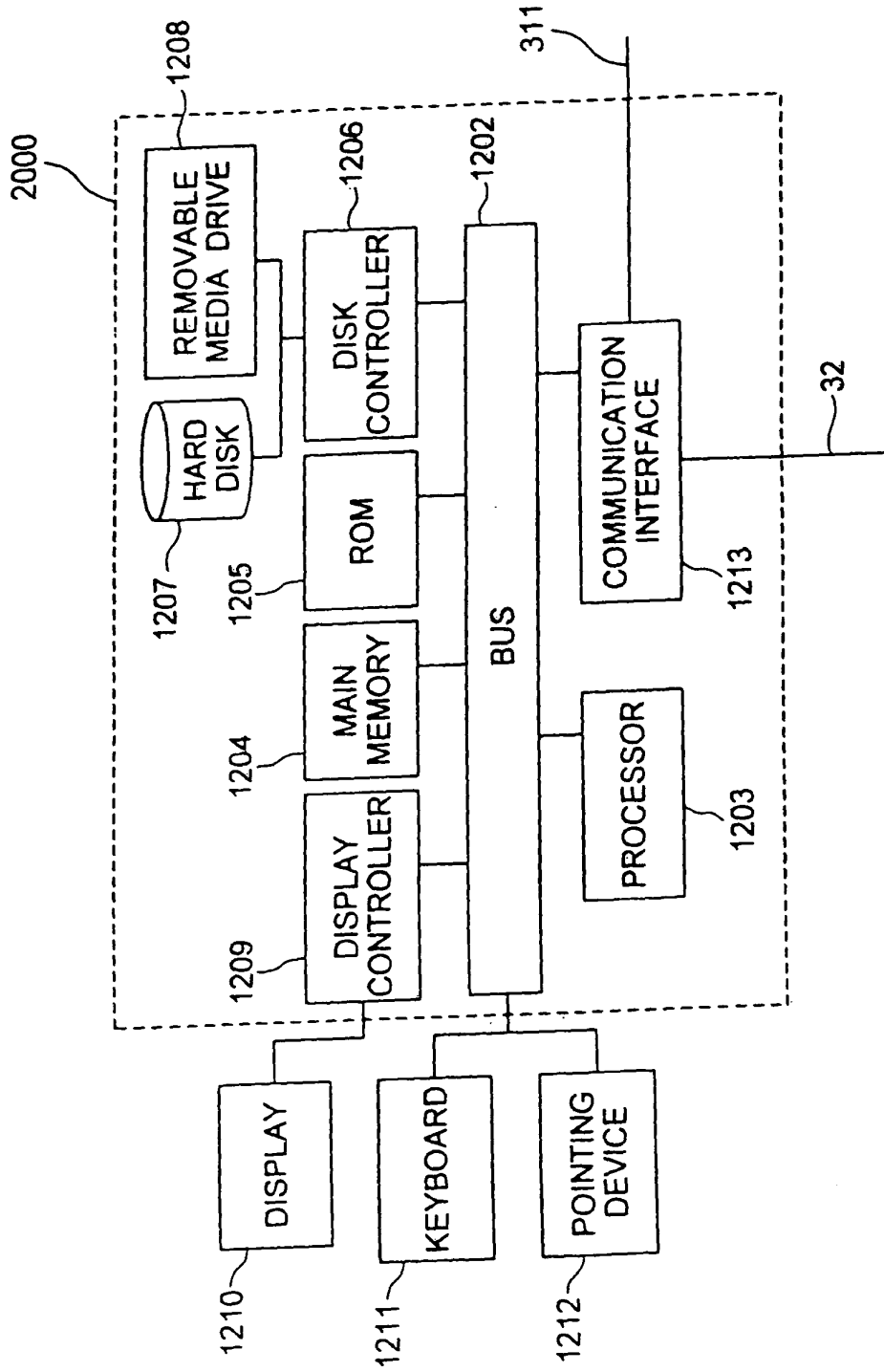


FIG.11

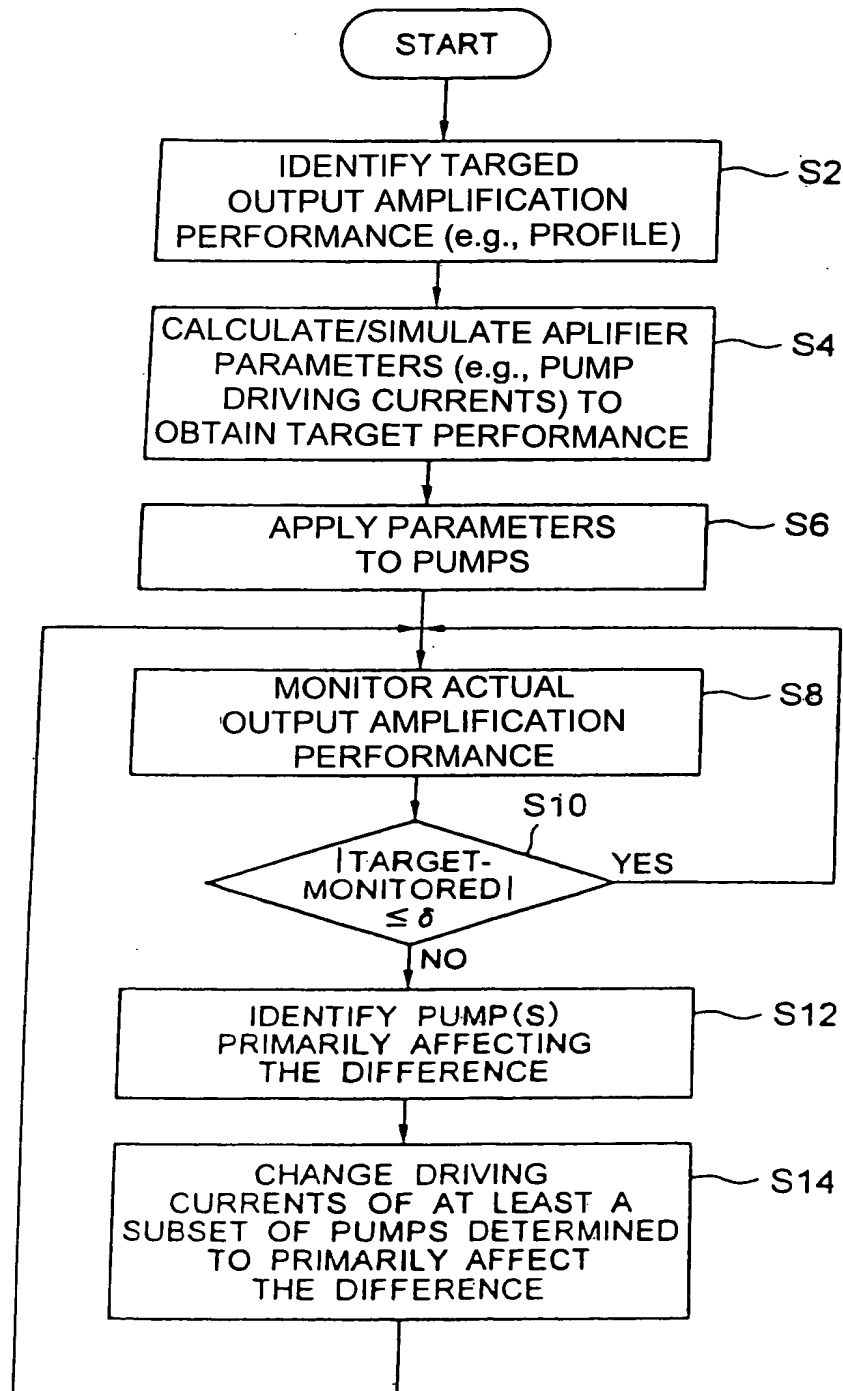


FIG. 12

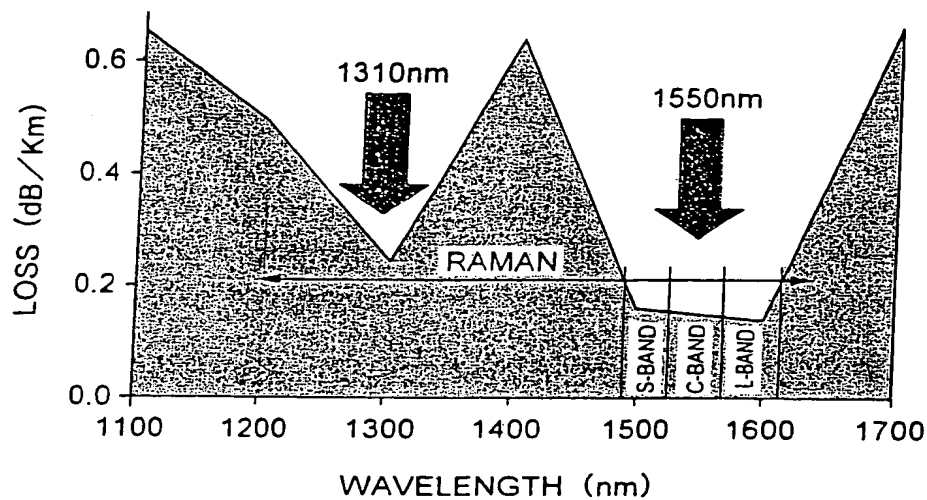
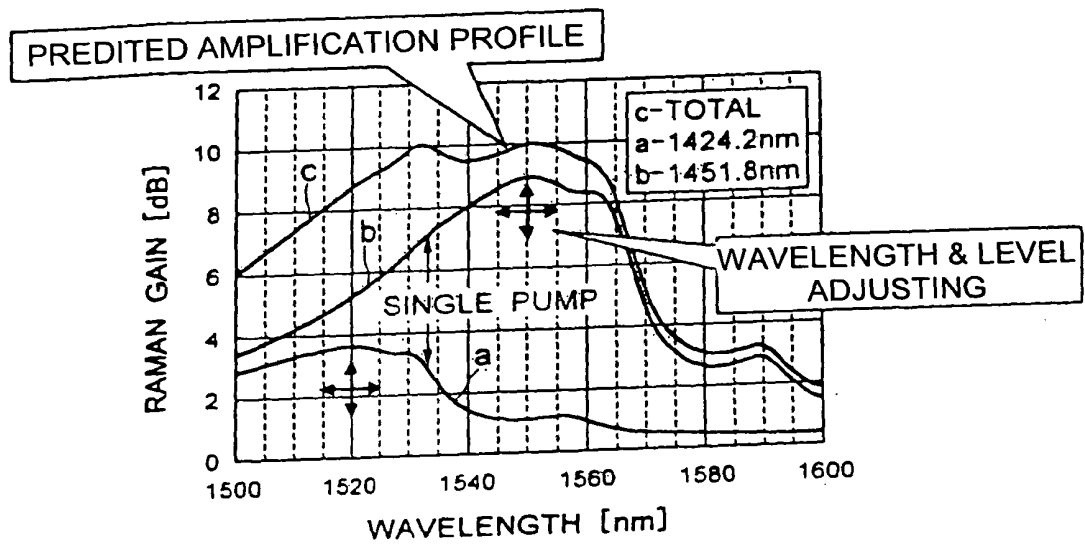


FIG. 13

	WAVELENGTHS (nm)						
	1100	1200	1300	1400	1500	1600	1700
DRIVING CURRENTS (mA)	560	250	120	560	100	90	560

FIG. 14

SUPERPOSITION PRINCIPLE



DESIGN OF PUMPING WAVELENGTH  
BASED ON SUPERPOSITION PRINCIPLE

DESIGN PARAMETERS:

WAVELENGTH ALLOCATION  
EFFECTIVE GAIN ALLOCATION

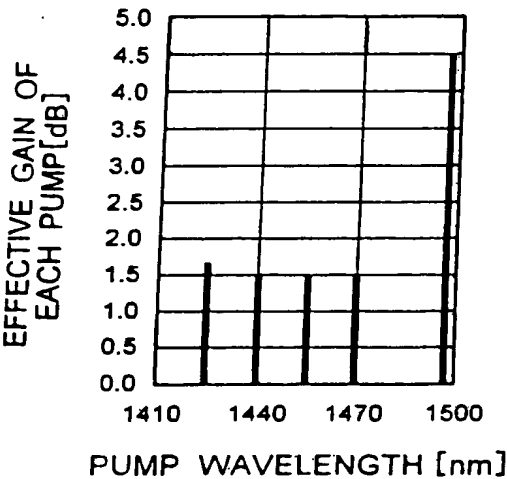


FIG. 15A

SPECIFICATIONS:

FIBER TYPE, GAIN AND FLATNESS  
BANDWIDTH, NUMBER OF LDS

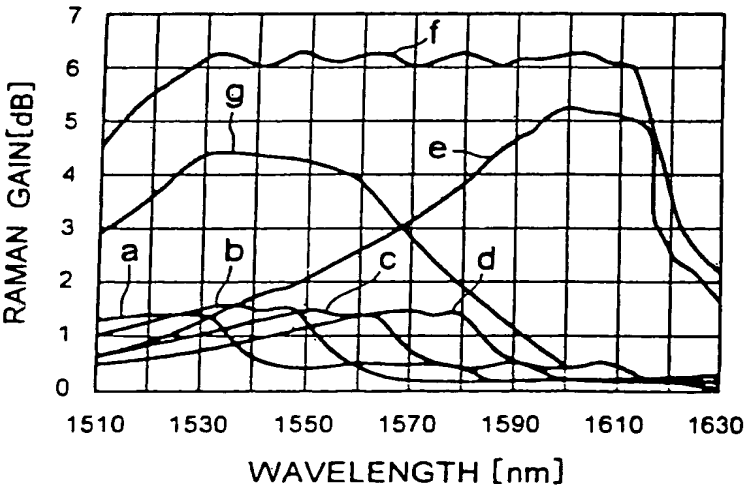
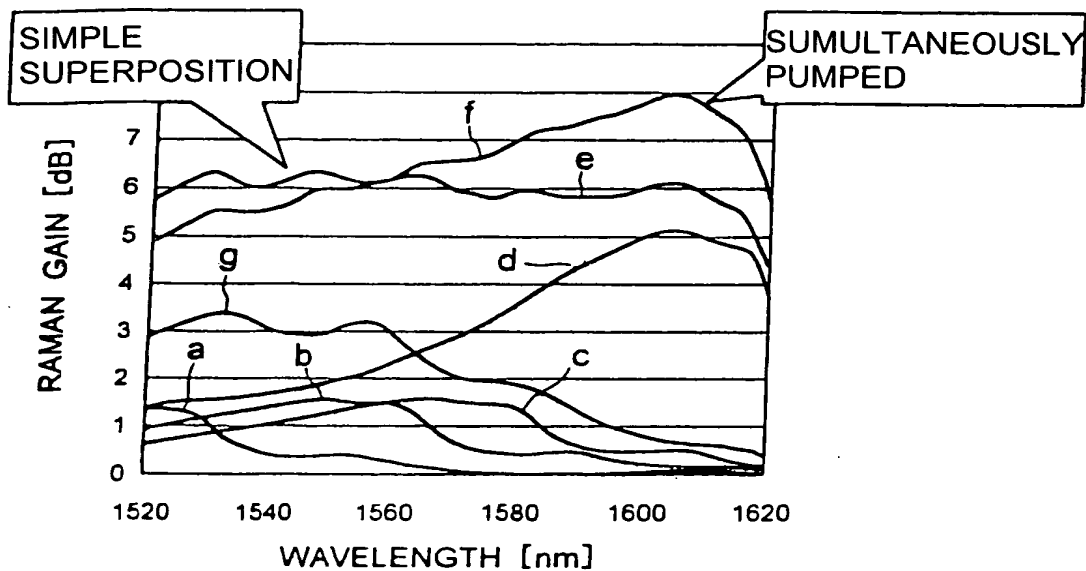


FIG. 15B

FIG. 16

ACCOUNTING FOR PUMP-TO-PUMP  
RAMAN INTERACTIONS



- (a) 1420 nm PUMP
- (b) 1435 nm PUMP
- (c) 1450 nm PUMP
- (d) 1495 nm PUMP (ALSO ELEMENT GAIN FOR PUMP AT LONGER WAVELENGTH)
- (e) TOTAL GAIN IF NO PUMP-TO-PUMP INTERACTION
- (f) TOTAL GAIN, INCLUDING PUMP-TO-PUMP INTERACTION
- (g) ELEMENT GAIN FOR 3 PUMPS AT SHORTER WAVELENGTHS

FIG. 17

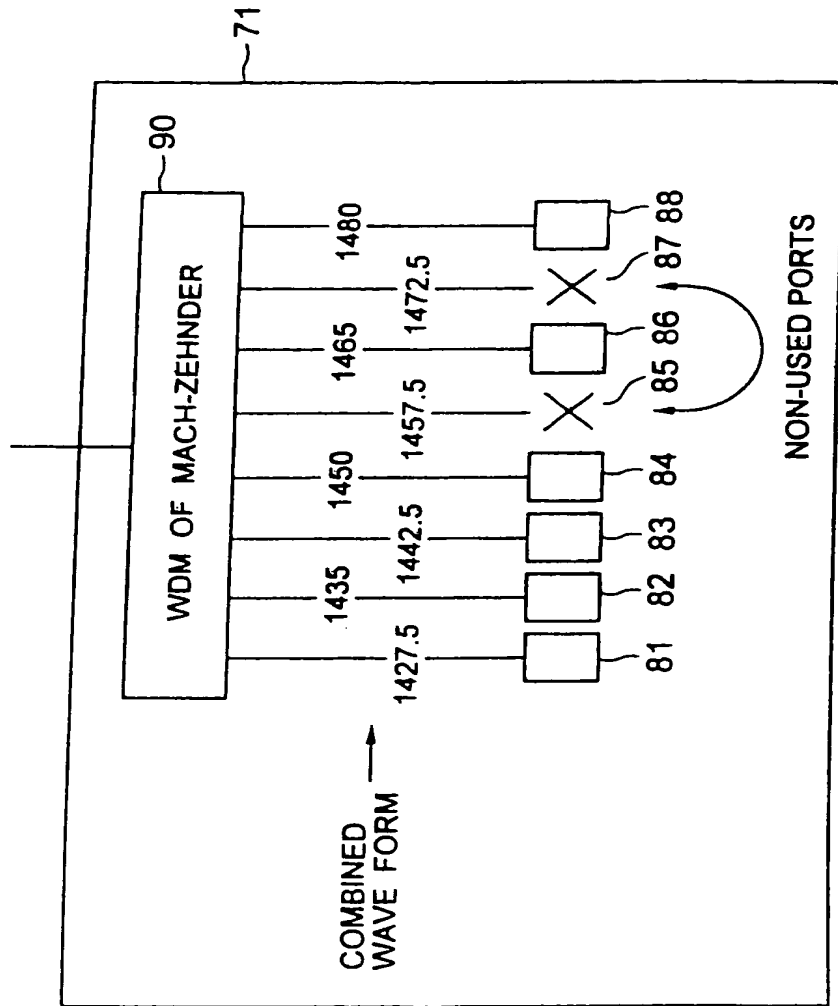




FIG. 18

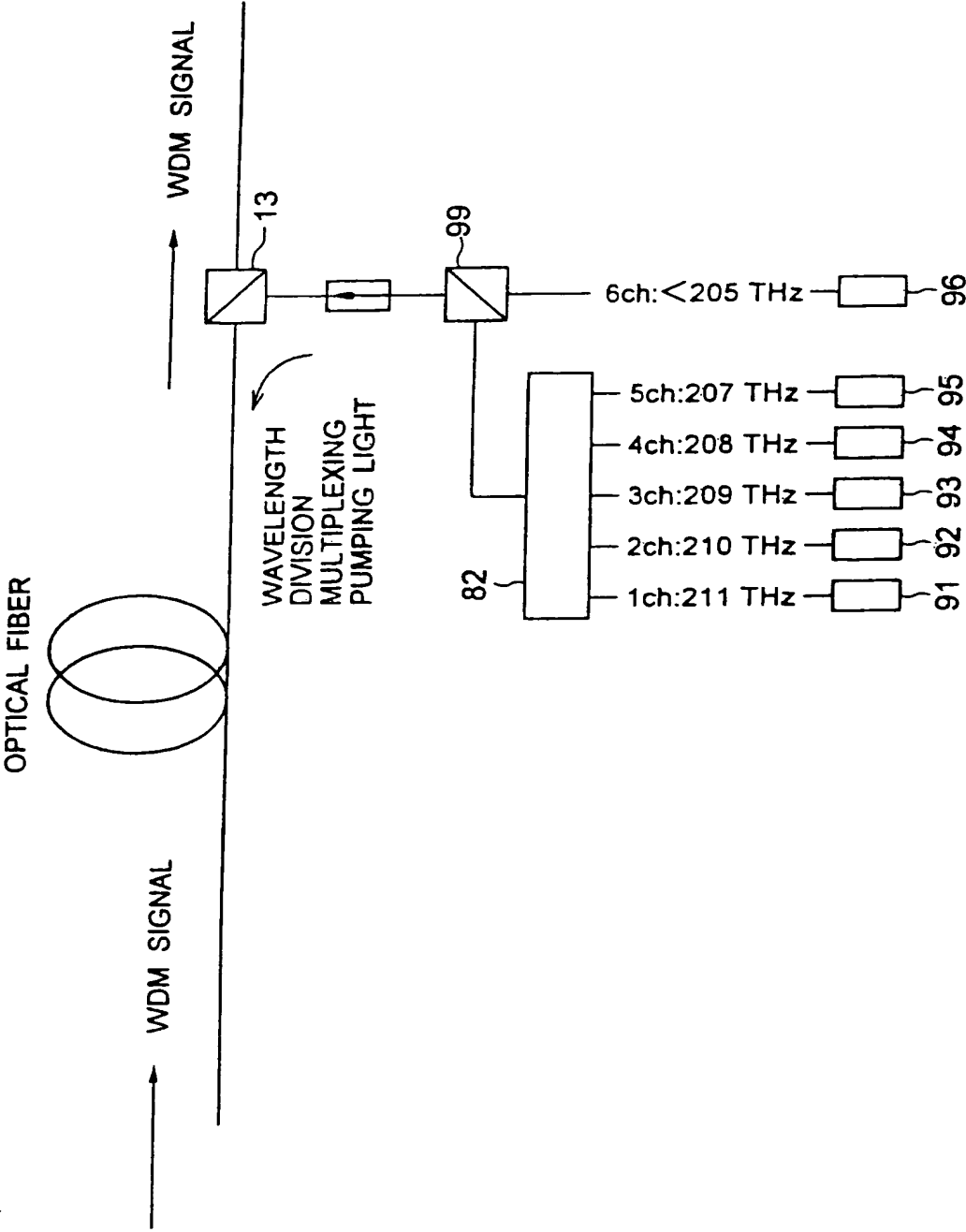


FIG. 19

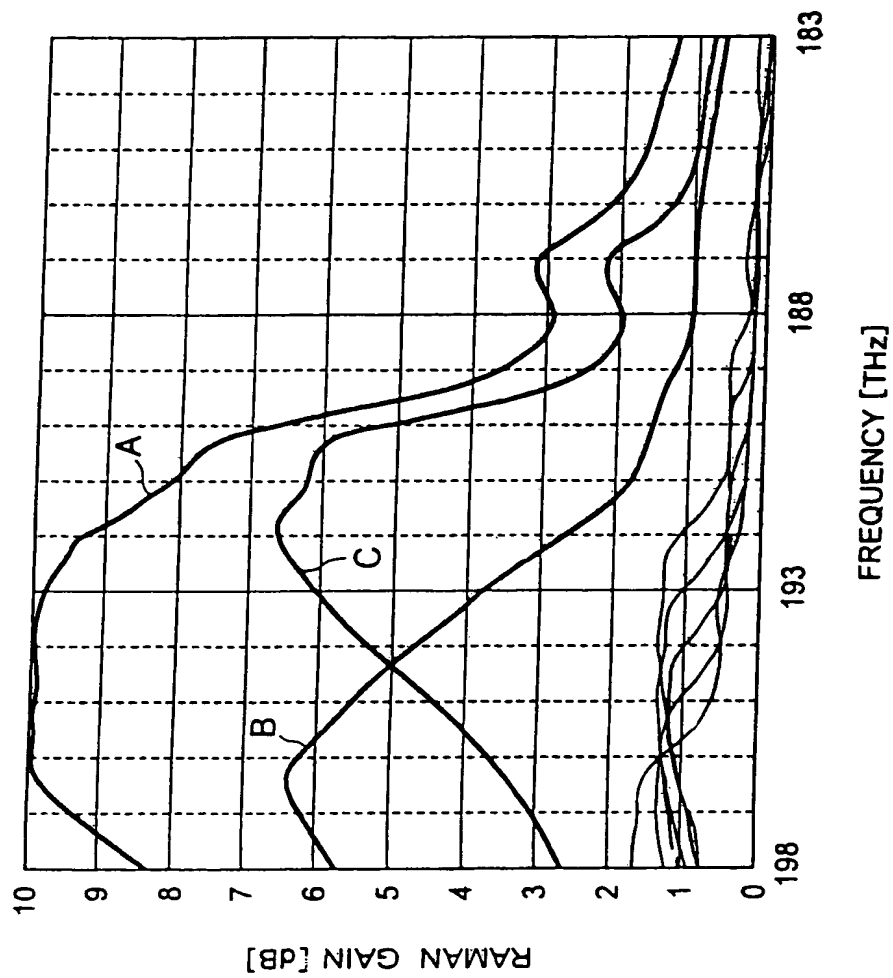


FIG. 20

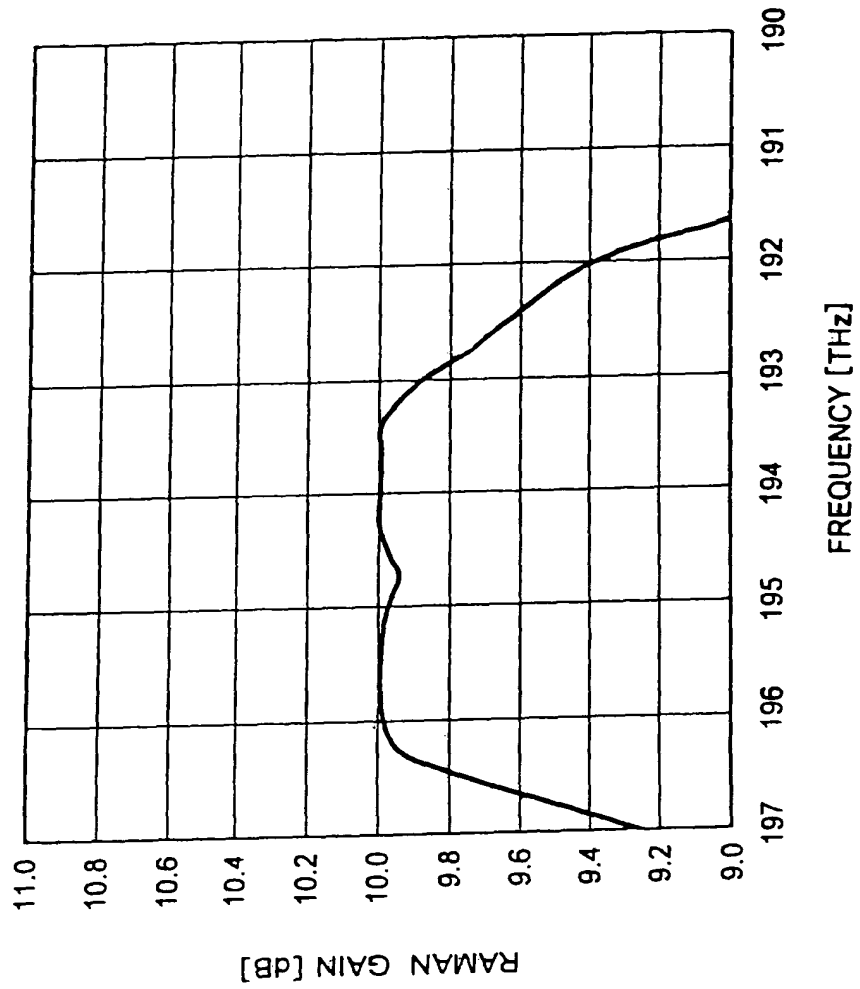


FIG. 21

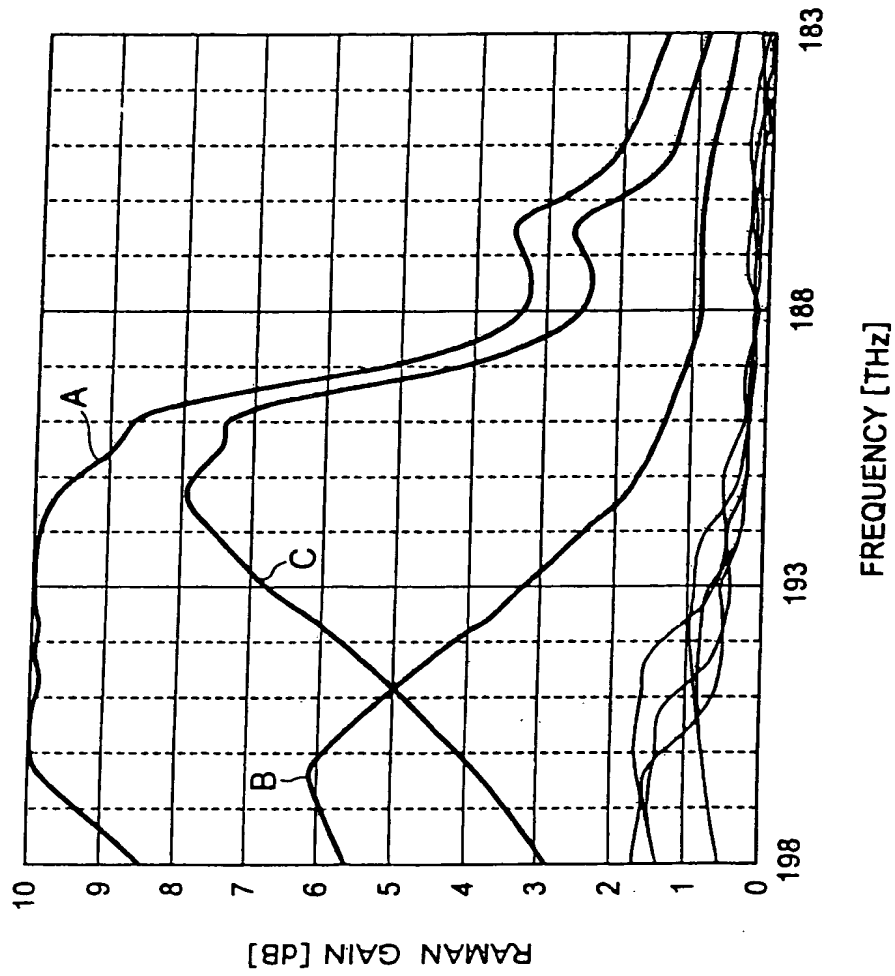


FIG. 22

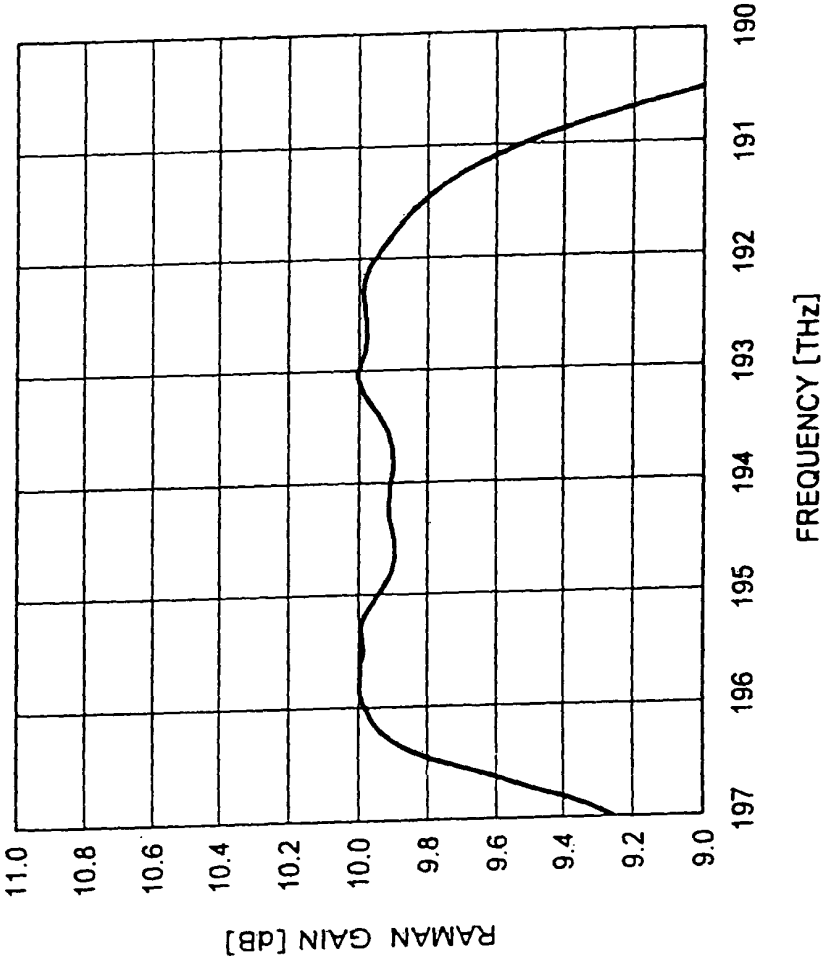


FIG. 23

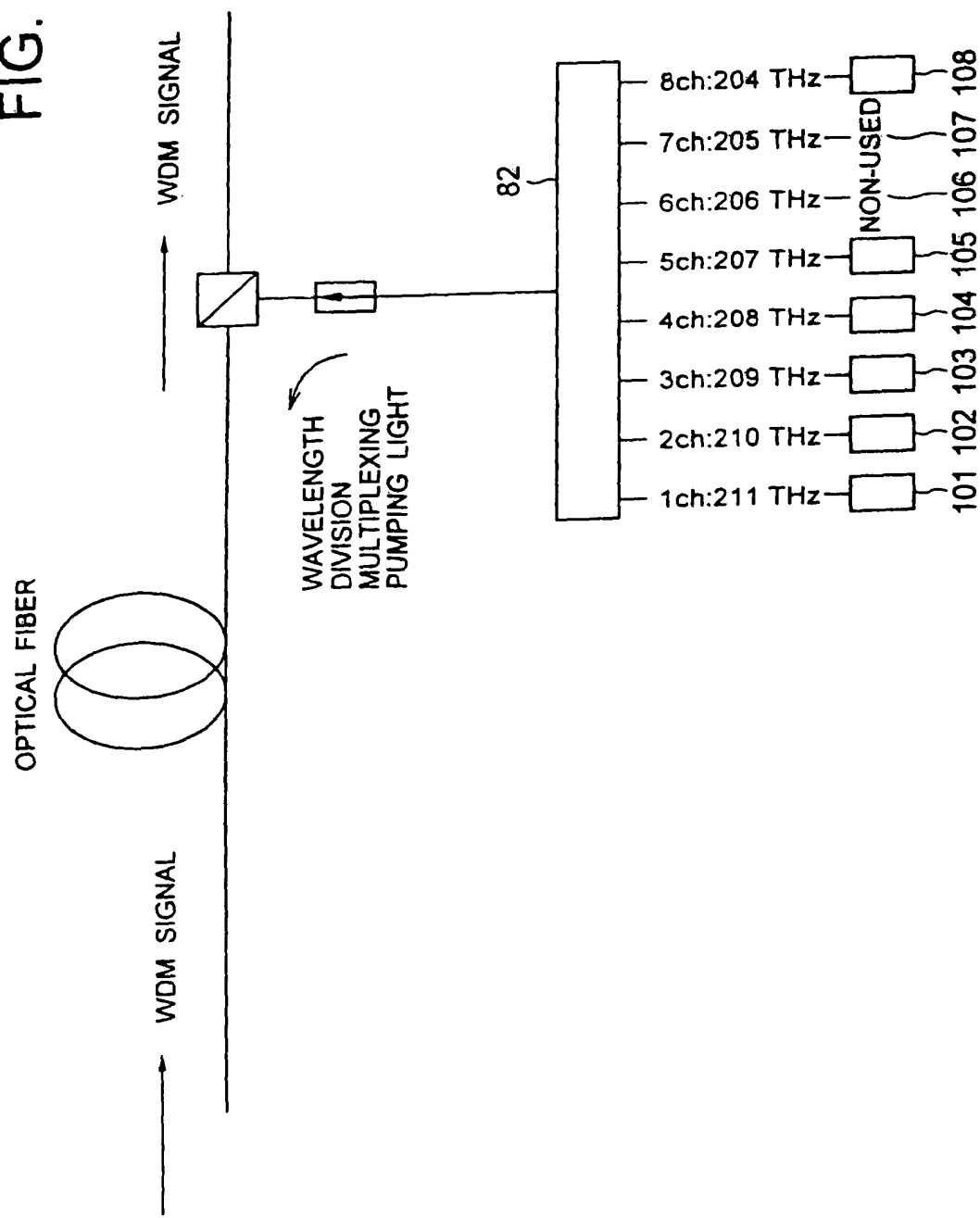


FIG. 24

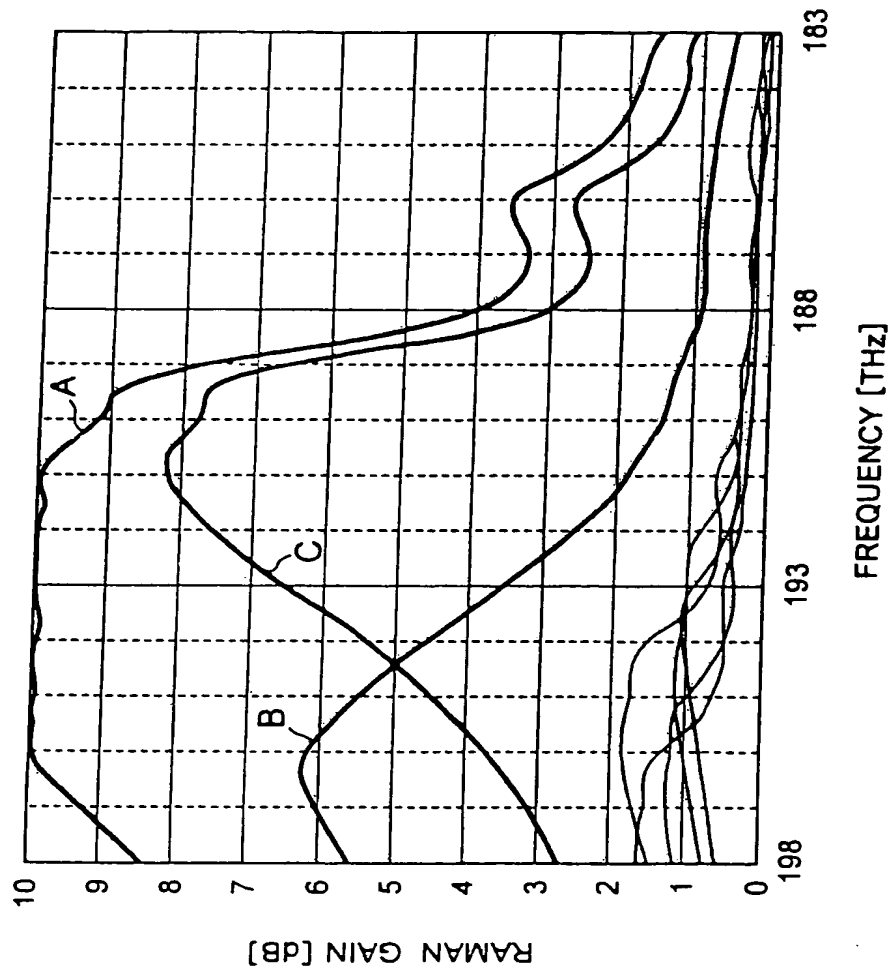


FIG. 25

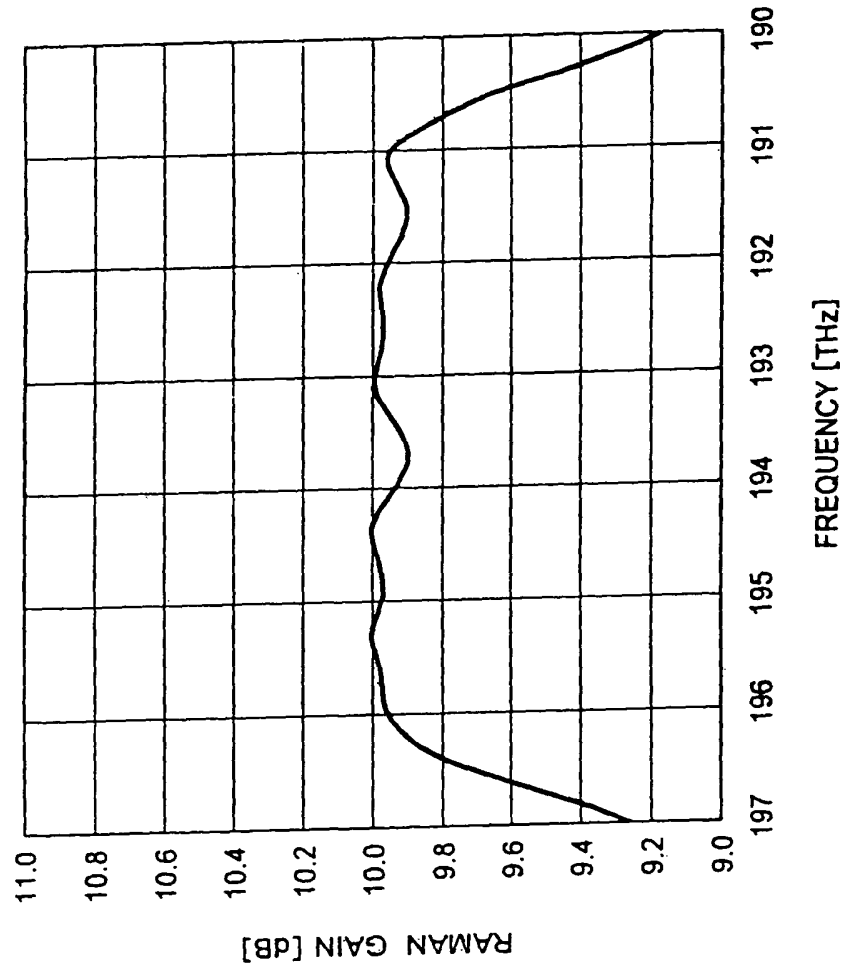




FIG. 26

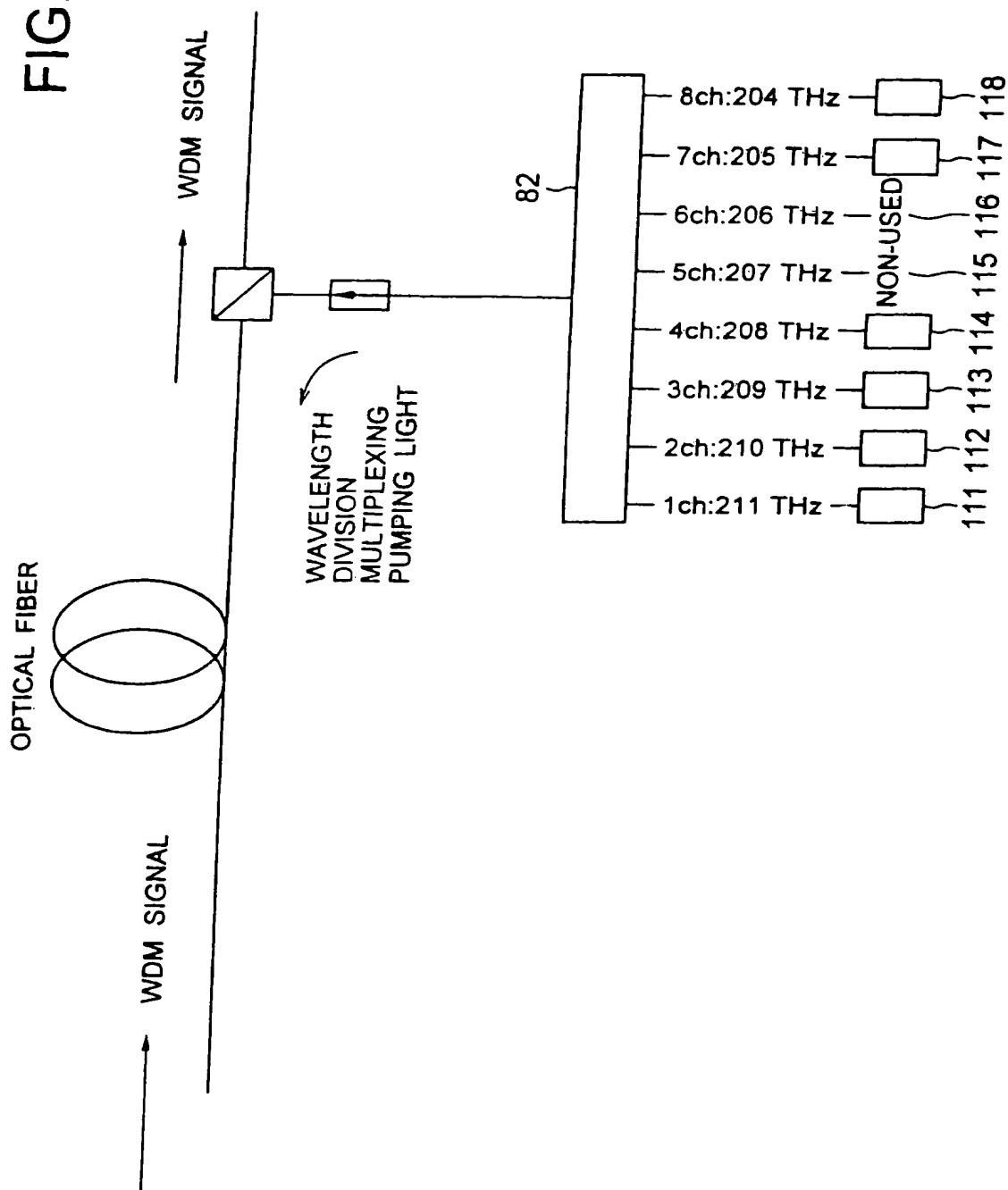


FIG. 27

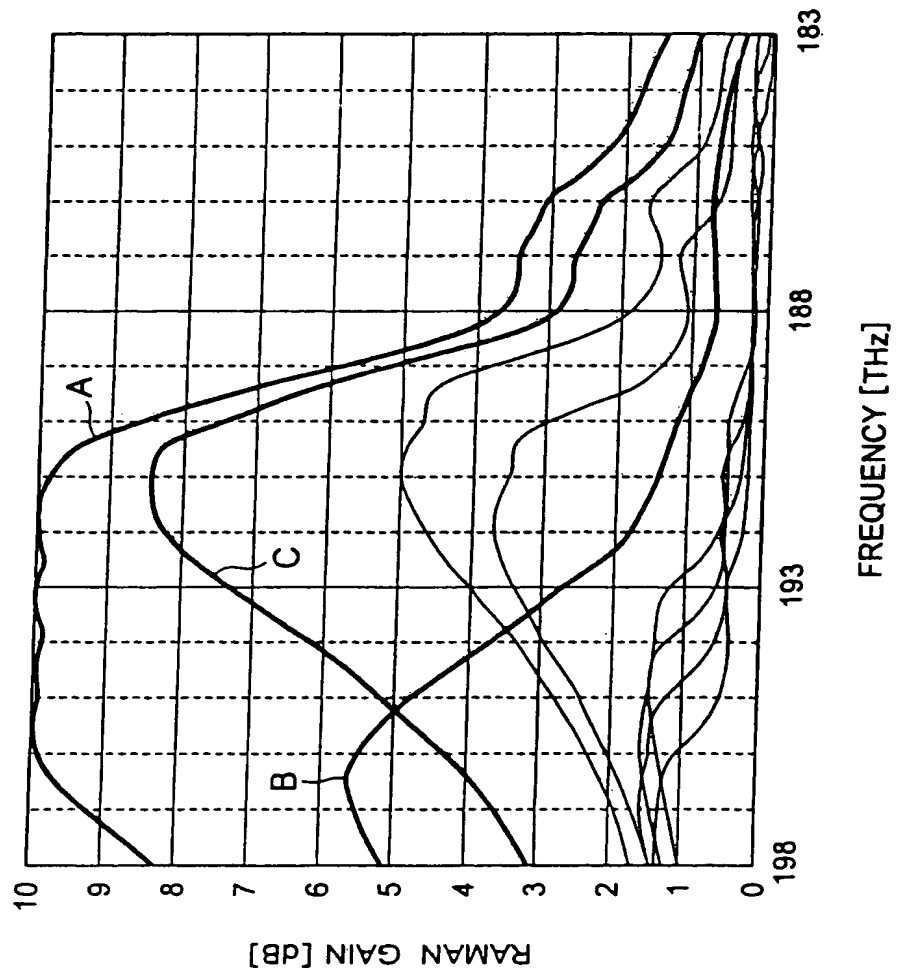
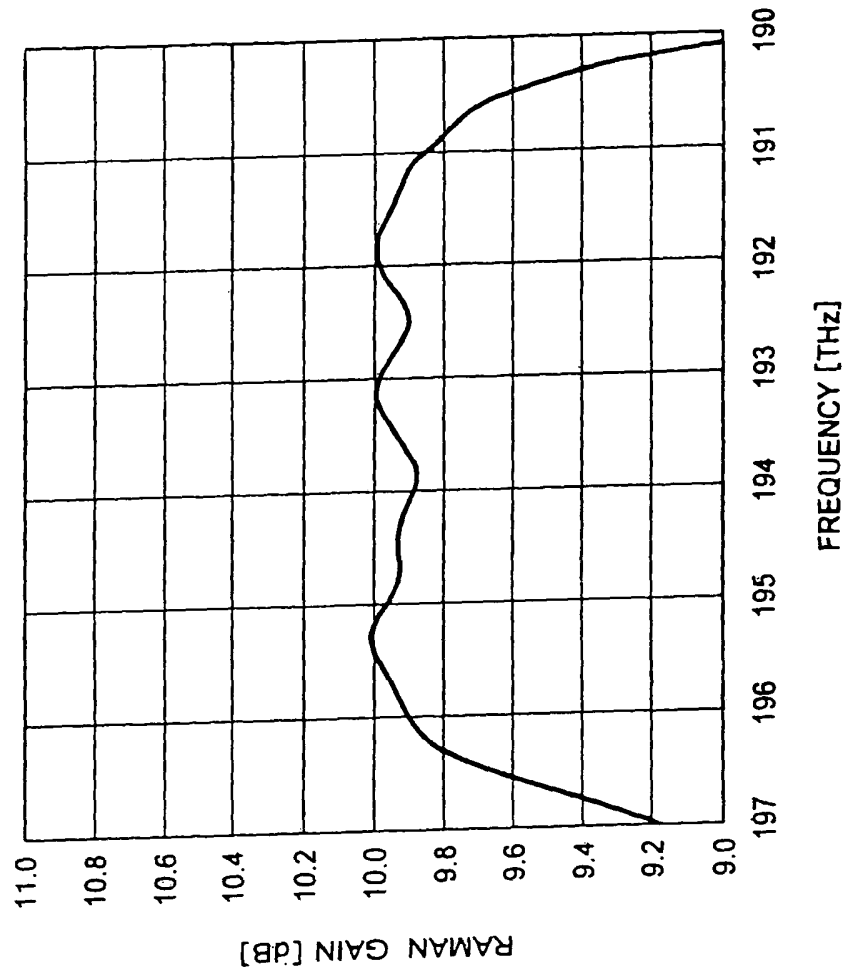


FIG. 28



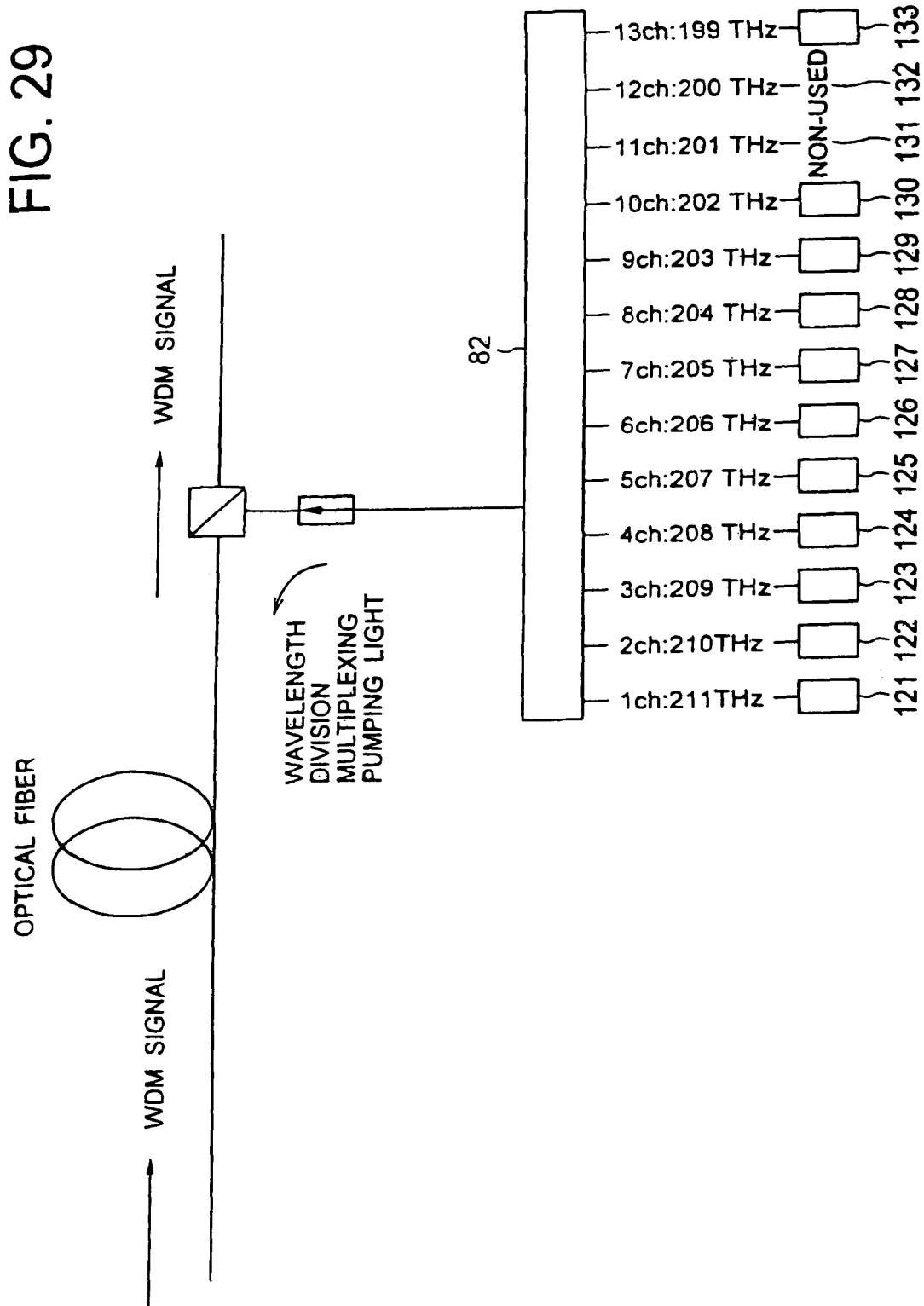


FIG. 30

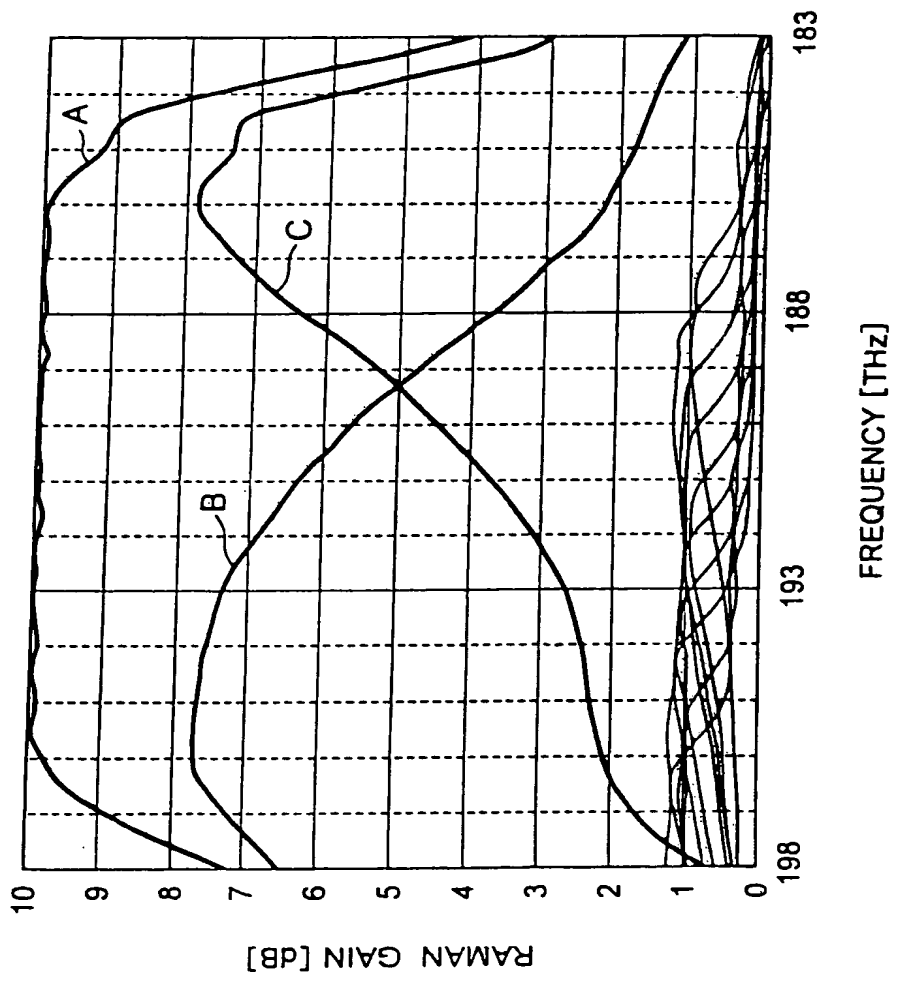


FIG. 31

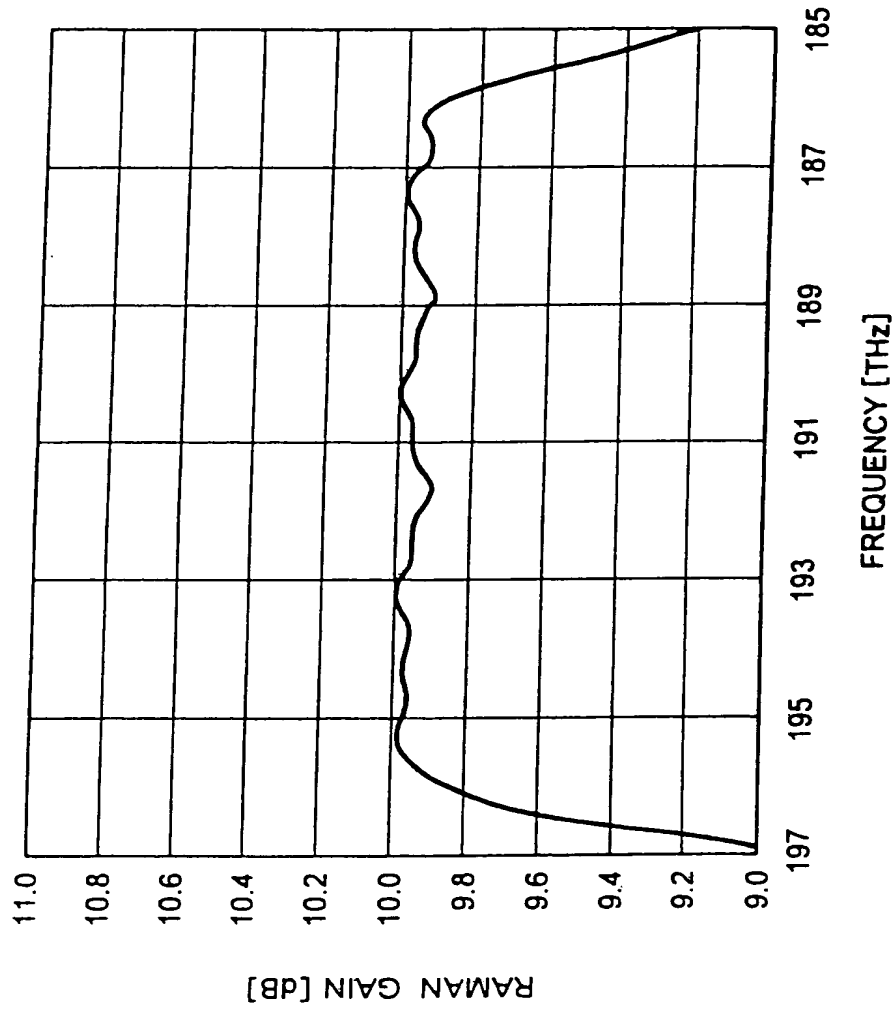


FIG. 32

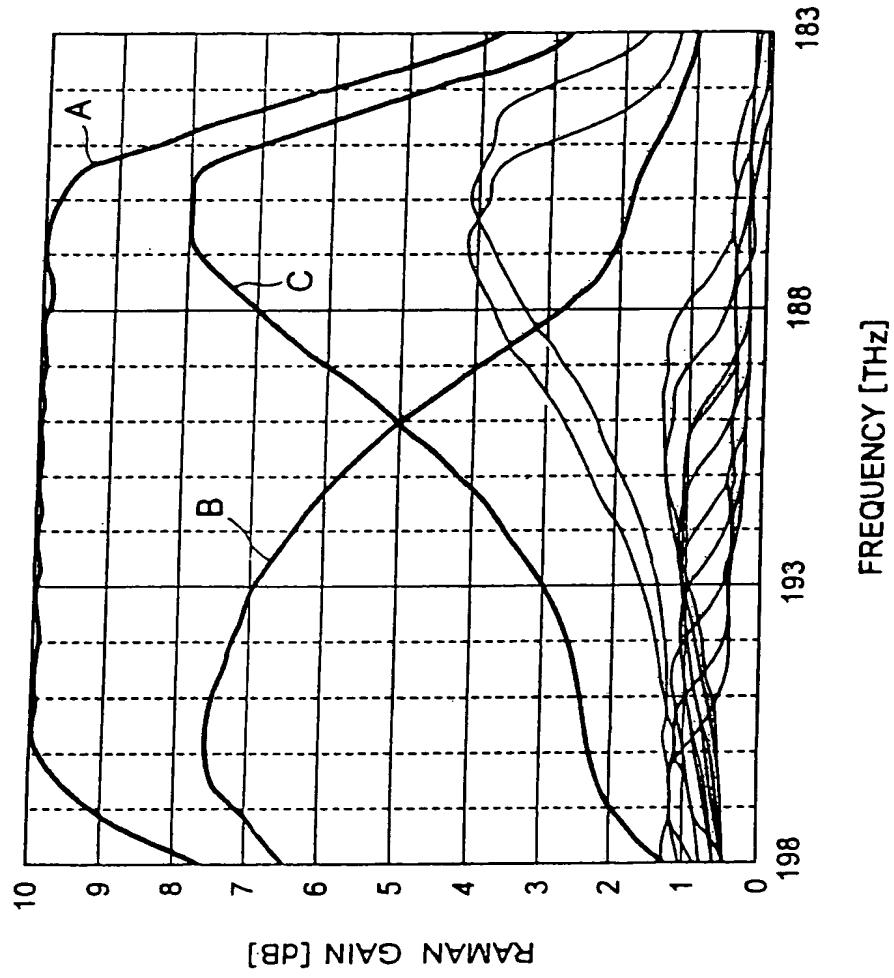


FIG. 33

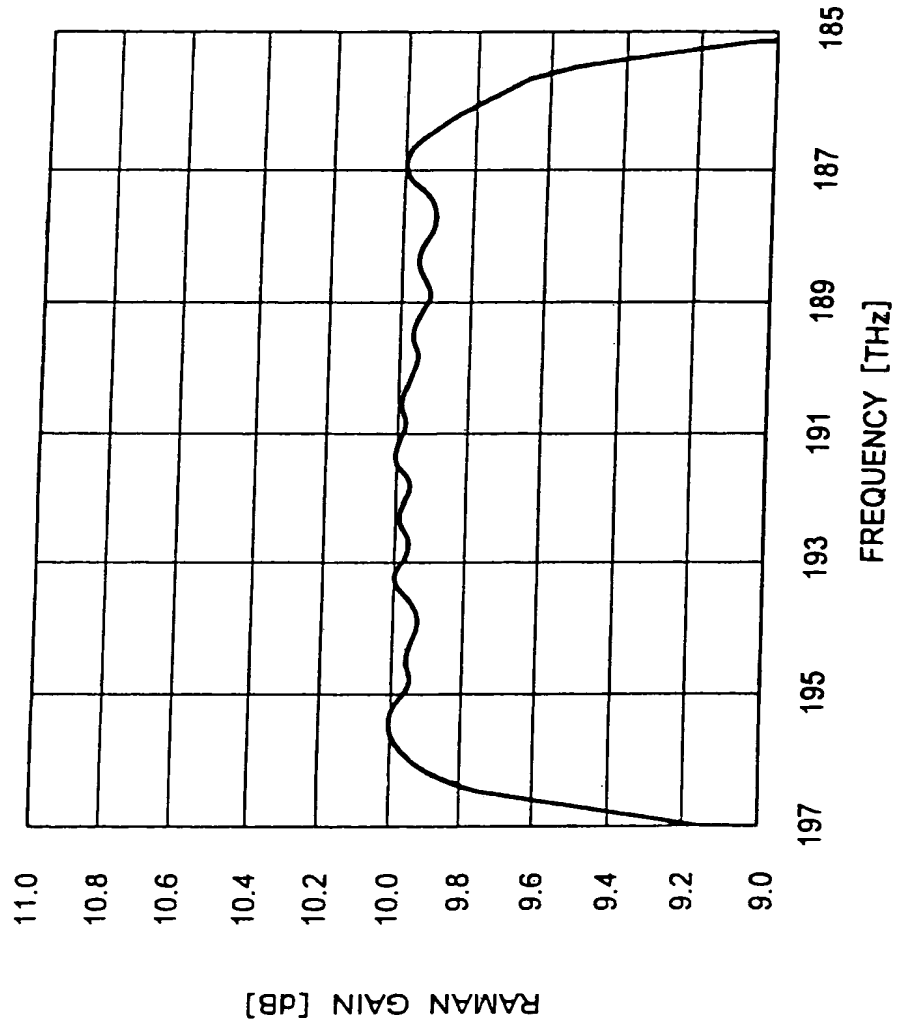




FIG. 34

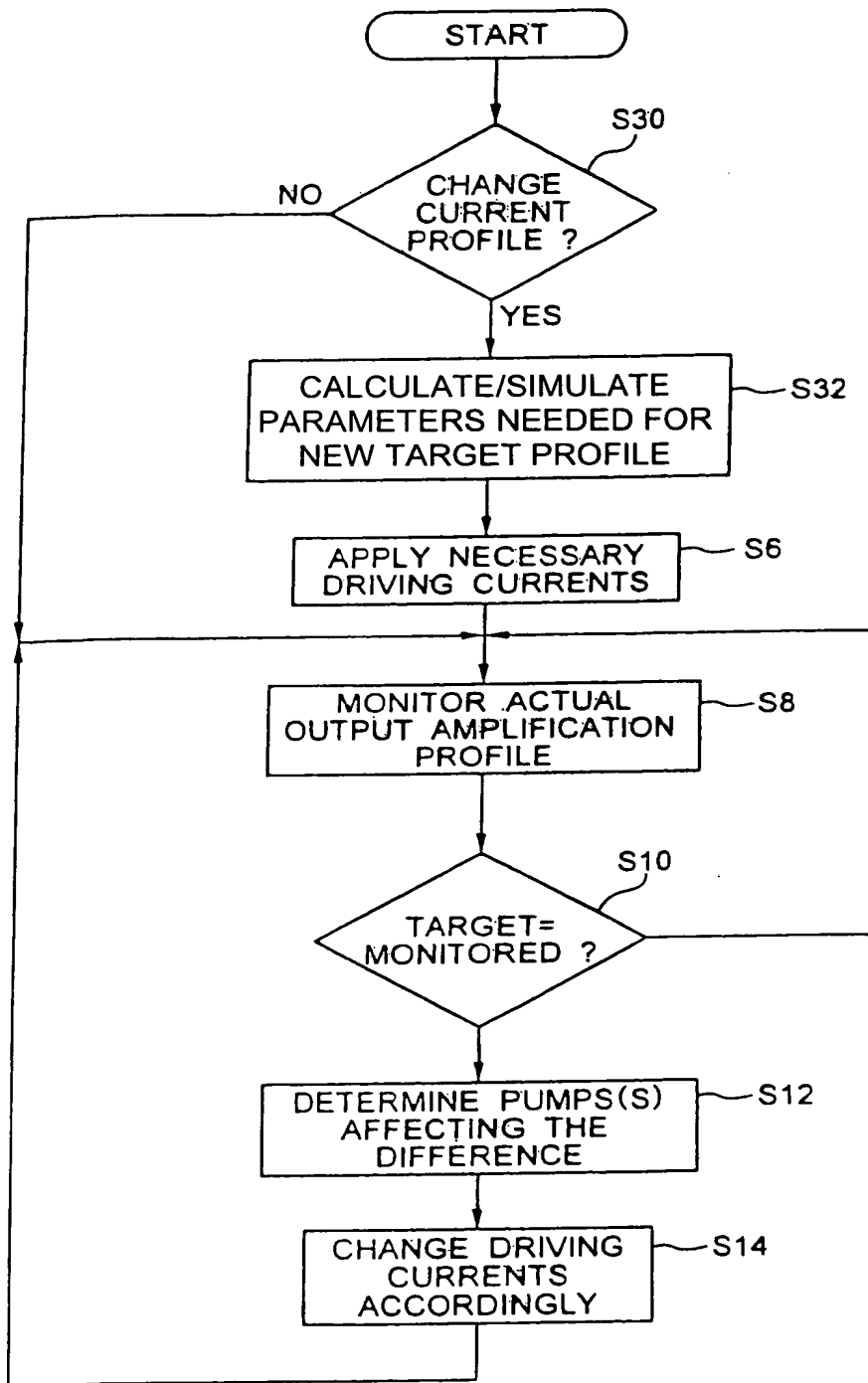


FIG. 35

